Amendment under 37 CFR 1.312

Amendment Dated June 11, 2007

IN THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in

the present application.

1. (Previously amended) An inspection method comprising:

determining a plurality of measurement variations and product characteristic

variations to define an inspection plane;

dividing the inspection plane into a plurality of regions corresponding to respective

different outcomes resulting from an inspection process;

determining the probability of each outcome based on a probability mass in each

region of the inspection plane, wherein the probability mass is based on a joint probability

density of the measurement and product characteristic variations;

associating costs to various outcomes based on the inspection process;

computing overall costs of the inspection process by using the associated costs and

the determined probability of each outcome based on the regions of the inspection plane;

performing a first inspection on a product to obtain an inspection outcome; and

accepting or rejecting the product using the determined inspection plane.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising optimizing the

computed overall costs by varying the costs associated with the various outcomes.

3. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising optimizing the

computed overall costs by varying the permissible product characteristic inspection limit.

4. (Original) The method according to claim 1, further comprising optimizing

the computed overall costs by using an inspection limit that is different from a permissible

product specification limit.

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(Original) The method according to claim 4, wherein the step of dividing 5.

the inspection plane into the plurality of regions based on the different outcomes is

performed using the inspection limit that is different from a permissible product

specification limit.

6. (Original) The method according to claim 3, wherein the inspection limit is

narrower than a permissible product characteristic specification limit.

7. (Original) The method according to claim 6, wherein the step of

determining measurement variations and permissible product characteristic variations

comprises receiving input values for a process and measurement joint probability density

function, a lower specification limit, an upper specification limit, a lower inspection limit,

and an upper inspection limit.

8. The method according to claim 1, wherein the step of (Original)

determining the probability of each outcome comprises summing a joint probability density

of the measurement variation and the product characteristic variation in each region.

9. (Original) The method according to claim 8, wherein the probability

density functions of the measurement variation and the product characteristic variation are

normal distributions.

10. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the step of

associating costs to various outcomes comprises associating unit costs to events of

product inspection (CI), product scrapping or rework (CR), escaping defect (CE), and

unnecessary rework (CR).

11. (Previously amended) The method according to claim 10, wherein the step

of dividing the inspection plane into a plurality of regions comprises dividing the

inspection plane into the following regions - product within its specification limit is

accepted with probability p 1, product outside its specification limit is rejected with

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probability p2, product within its specification limit is rejected with probability p3, and

product outside its specification limit is accepted with probability p4.

12. (Original) The method according to claim 11, wherein the step of

computing overall costs comprises calculating unit costs for the events as follows -

product inspection (1*CI), product scrap or rework ((p2+p3)* CR), escaping defect

(p4*CE), and unnecessary rework (p3*CR).

13. (Previously amended) The method according to claim 1, further

comprising performing a second inspection on all products rejected in the first inspection.

14. (Original) The method according to claim 13, wherein the second

inspection comprises altering the measurement variations from the first inspection.

15. (Original) The method according to claim 14, wherein the second

inspection comprises using a different product characteristic inspection limit from the first

inspection.

16. (Original) A system for assessing the cost tradeoffs associated with

performing inspections, comprising:

an input unit for receiving input measurement variations, product characteristics

variations, and associated costs of various outcomes based on an inspection process; and

a computing unit connected to the input unit and configured to:

define an inspection plane based on the input measurement variations and

the product characteristic variations;

divide the inspection plane into a plurality of regions corresponding to the

respective different outcomes resulting from the inspection process;

determine the probability of each outcome based on the probability mass in

each regions of the inspection plane, wherein the probability mass is determined

based on the joint probability density of the measurement variation and the product

characteristic variation in each region; and

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computing overall costs of the inspection process by using the associated

costs and the determined probability of each outcome based on the regions of the

inspection plane.

17. (Original) A computer readable data storage medium having program code

recorded thereon for assessing the cost tradeoffs associated with performing inspections,

the program code causing a computing system to perform steps comprising:

determining measurement variations and permissible product characteristic

variations to define an inspection plane;

dividing the inspection plane into a plurality of regions corresponding to

respective different outcomes resulting from an inspection process;

determining the probability of each outcome based on the probability mass

in each region of the inspection plane, wherein the probability mass is determined

based on the joint probability density of the measurement variation and the product

characteristic variation in each region;

associating costs to various outcomes based on the inspection process; and

computing overall costs of the inspection process by using the associated

costs and the determined probability of each outcome based on the regions of the

inspection plane.

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